

9. MECHANIKA-STATIKA GYAKORLAT
(kidolgozta: Triesz Péter, egy. ts.; Tarnai Gábor, mérnök tanár)

Rúdszerkezetek igénybevételei

9.1. Példa

Adott:

$$q = 20 \text{ kN/m} \rightarrow F_q = 4 \text{ kN},$$

$$F_0 = 5 \text{ kN}.$$

Feladat:

- Határozza meg a támasztóerőket!
- Számítsa ki az igénybevételeket az A, B, C és D keresztmetszetekben!

Megoldás:

- A támasztó erőrendszer kiszámítása:

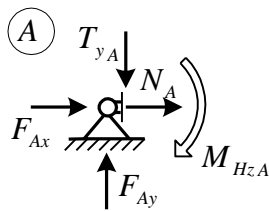
$$F_x = 0 = F_{Ax} + F_0 \Rightarrow F_{Ax} = -F_0 = -5 \text{ kN} (\leftarrow),$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - F_q + F_{By} \Rightarrow F_{Ay} = 1,66 \text{ kN} (\uparrow),$$

$$M_a = 0 = -0,1F_q - 0,2F_0 + 0,6F_{By} \Rightarrow F_{By} = 2,33 \text{ kN} (\uparrow).$$



- Az igénybevételek számításakor a rúd meghagyott részének egyensúlyát vizsgáljuk.



$$F_x = 0 = F_{Ax} + N_A \Rightarrow$$

$$N_A = -F_{Ax} = -(-5) = 5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow \leftarrow \text{---} \rightarrow$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - T_A$$

$$\Rightarrow T_A = F_{Ay} = 1,66 \text{ kN} \downarrow \uparrow \text{---} \downarrow$$

$$M_a = 0 = M_{Hz}(A) = 0$$

$$F_x = 0 = F_{Ax} + N_C \Rightarrow$$

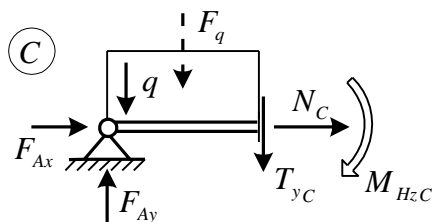
$$N_C = -F_{Ax} = -(-5) = 5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow \leftarrow \text{---} \rightarrow$$

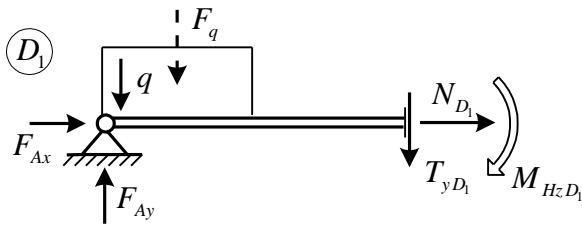
$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - F_q - T_C$$

$$\Rightarrow T_C = F_{Ay} - F_q = -2,33 \text{ kN} \uparrow \downarrow \text{---} \uparrow$$

$$M_c = 0 = -0,2 \cdot F_{Ay} + 0,1 \cdot F_q - M_{HzC}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{Hz}(C) = 0,066 \text{ kNm} \downarrow \left(\text{---} \right)$$





$$F_x = 0 = F_{Ax} + N_{D_1} \Rightarrow$$

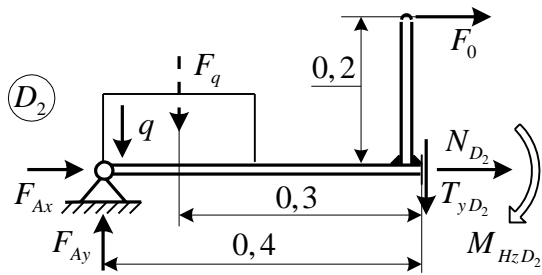
$$N_{D_1} = -F_{Ax} = 5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - F_q - T_{D_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{D_1} = F_{Ay} - F_q = -2,33 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

$$M_{D_1} = 0 = -0,4 \cdot F_{Ay} + 0,3 \cdot F_q - M_{HxD_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{H_x}(D_1) = 0,533 \text{ kNm} \downarrow$$



$$F_x = 0 = F_{Ax} + F_0 + N_{D_2} \Rightarrow$$

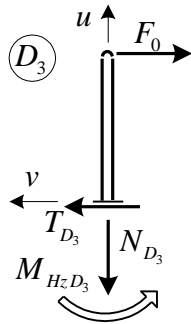
$$N_{D_2} = -F_{Ax} - F_0 = -(-5) - 5 = 0 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - F_q - T_{D_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{D_2} = -2,33 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

$$M_{D_2} = 0 = -0,4 \cdot F_{Ay} + 0,3 \cdot F_q - 0,2 \cdot F_0 - M_{HxD_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{H_x}(D_2) = -0,466 \text{ kNm} \uparrow$$

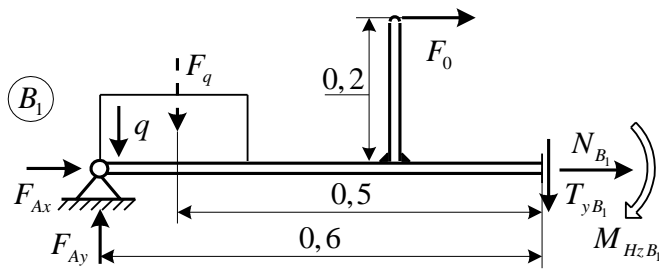


$$F_u = 0 = -N_{D_3} \Rightarrow N_{D_3} = 0$$

$$F_v = 0 = T_{D_3} - F_0 \Rightarrow T_{D_3} = 5 \text{ kN} \leftarrow$$

$$M_{D_3} = 0 = M_{HxD_3} - 0,2 F_0$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{H_x}(D_3) = 1 \text{ kNm} \uparrow$$



$$F_x = 0 = F_{Ax} + F_0 + N_{B_1} \Rightarrow$$

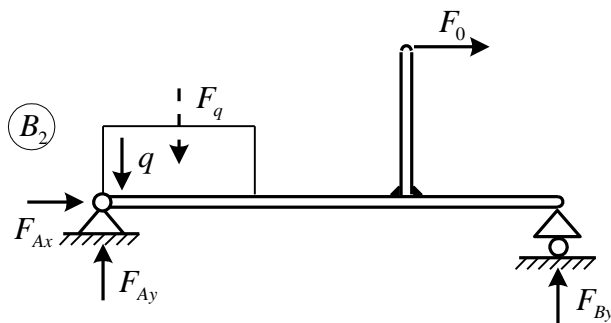
$$N_{B_1} = -F_{Ax} - F_0 = -(-5) - 5 = 0 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - F_q - T_{yB_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{B_1} = -2,33 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

$$M_{B_1} = 0 = -0,6 F_{Ay} + 0,5 F_q - 0,2 F_0 - M_{HxB_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{H_x}(B_1) = 0$$



$$N_{B_2} = 0$$

$$T_{B_2} = 0$$

$$M_{H_x}(B_2) = 0$$

9.2. Példa

Adott:

$$q = 30 \text{ kN/m} \rightarrow F_q = 4,5 \text{ kN},$$

$$M_0 = 10 \text{ kNm}.$$

Feladat:

- Határozza meg a támasztóerőket!
- Számítsa ki az igénybevételeket az A, B⁻, B⁺, C⁻ és C⁺ keresztmetszetekben!

Megoldás:

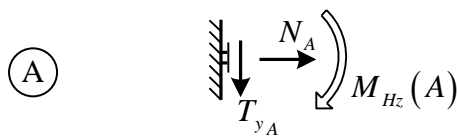
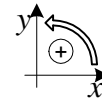
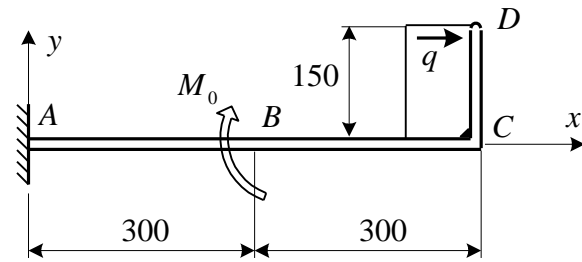
- A támasztó erőrendszer kiszámítása:

$$F_x = 0 = F_{Ax} + F_q \Rightarrow F_{Ax} = -F_q = -4,5 \text{ kN} (\leftarrow),$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay},$$

$$M_a = 0 = M_A - M_0 - 0,075 \cdot F_q \Rightarrow M_A = 10,3375 \text{ kNm} (\curvearrowright)$$

- Az igénybevételeket ezúttal úgy határozzuk meg, hogy a rúd elhagyott részén ébredő erőrendszert redukáljuk a megmaradt rész végének súlypontjába.

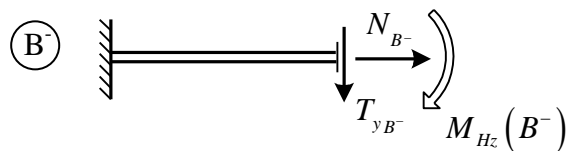


$$N_A = F_{ex}(A) = F_q = 4,5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$$

$$T_{yA} = F_{ey}(A) = 0$$

$$M_A = -M_0 - 0,075 \cdot F_q = -10,3375 \text{ kNm} \downarrow$$

$$M_{Hz}(A) = 10,3375 \text{ kNm} (\curvearrowleft)$$

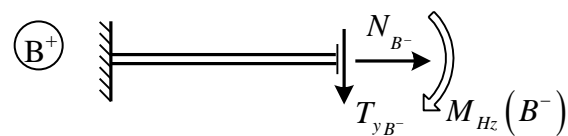


$$N_{B^-} = F_q = 4,5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$$

$$T_{yB^-} = 0$$

$$M_B = -M_0 - 0,075 \cdot F_q = -10,3375 \text{ kNm} \downarrow$$

$$M_{Hz}(B^-) = 10,3375 \text{ kNm} (\curvearrowleft)$$

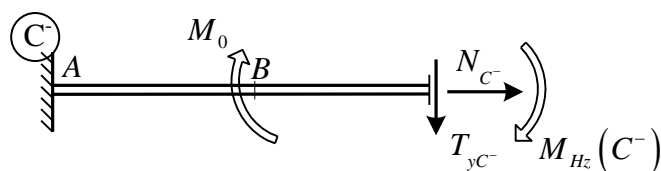


$$N_{B^+} = F_q = 4,5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$$

$$T_{yB^+} = 0$$

$$M_{B^+} = -0,075 \cdot F_q = -0,3375 \text{ kNm} \downarrow$$

$$M_{Hz}(B^+) = 0,3375 \text{ kNm} (\curvearrowleft)$$

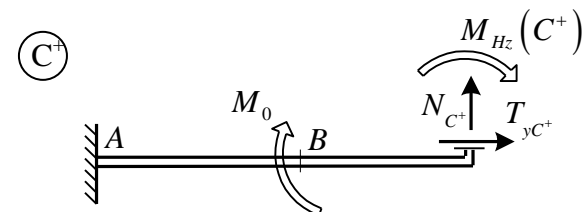


$$N_{C^-} = F_q = 4,5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$$

$$T_{yC^-} = 0$$

$$M_{C^-} = -0,075 \cdot F_q = -0,3375 \text{ kNm} \downarrow$$

$$M_{Hz}(B^+) = 0,3375 \text{ kNm} (\curvearrowleft)$$



$$N_{C^+} = F_{ey} = 0$$

$$T_{yC^+} = F_{ex} = F_q = 4,5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow \leftarrow$$

$$M_{C^+} = -0,075 \cdot F_q = -0,3375 \text{ kNm} \downarrow$$

$$M_{Hz}(C^+) = 0,3375 \text{ kNm} (\curvearrowright)$$

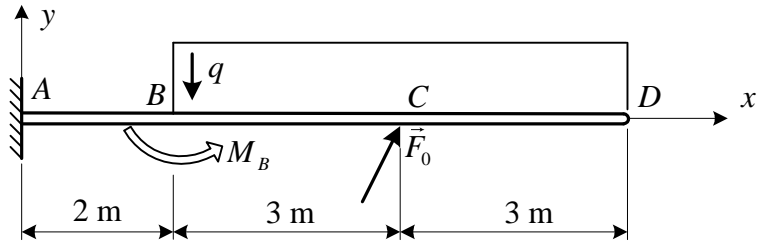
9.3. Példa

Adott:

$$\vec{F}_0 = (5\vec{i} + 10\vec{j}) \text{ kN},$$

$$q = 2 \text{ kN/m} \rightarrow F_q = 12 \text{ kN},$$

$$M_B = 8 \text{ kNm}.$$



Feladat:

- Határozza meg a támasztóerőket!
- Számítsa ki az igénybevételeket az A, B⁻, B⁺, C, C⁺ és D keresztmetszetekben!

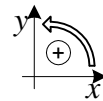
Megoldás:

- A támasztó erőrendszer kiszámítása:

$$F_x = 0 = F_{Ax} + F_{0x} \Rightarrow F_{Ax} = -5 \text{ kN} (\leftarrow)$$

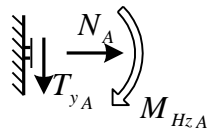
$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - F_q + F_{0y} \Rightarrow F_{Ay} = F_q - F_{0y} = 12 - 10 = 2 \text{ kN} (\uparrow)$$

$$M_a = 0 = M_A + M_0 - 5 \cdot F_q + 5 \cdot F_{0y} \Rightarrow M_A = 2 \text{ kNm} (\curvearrowright)$$



- Az igénybevételeket határozzuk meg úgy, hogy a rúd elhagyott részén ébredő erőrendszert redukáljuk a megmaradt rész végének súlypontjába

(A)



$$F_{ex}(A) = N_A = F_{0x} = 5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow$$

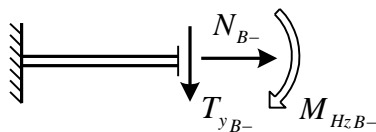
$$F_{ye}(A) = -F_q + F_{0y} = -2 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

$$T_{yA} = 2 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

$$M_A = M_B - 5 \cdot F_q + 5 \cdot F_{0y} = -2 \text{ kNm} \downarrow$$

$$M_{HzA} = 2 \text{ kNm} (\curvearrowright)$$

(B⁻)



$$F_{ex}(B^-) = N_{B^-} = F_{0x} = 5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow$$

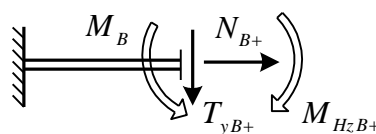
$$F_{ey}(B^-) = -F_q + F_{0y} = -2 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

$$T_{yB^-} = 2 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

$$M_{B^-} = M_B - 3 \cdot F_q + 3 \cdot F_{0y} = 2 \text{ kNm} \uparrow$$

$$M_{HzB^-} = -2 \text{ kNm} (\curvearrowright)$$

(B⁺)



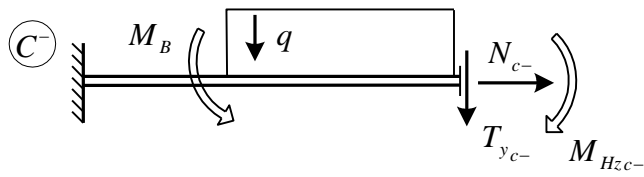
$$F_{ex}(B^+) = N_{B^+} = F_{0x} = 5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow$$

$$F_{ey}(B^+) = -F_q + F_{0y} = -2 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

$$T_{yB^+} = 2 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

$$M_{B^+} = -3 \cdot F_q + 3 \cdot F_{0y} = -6 \text{ kNm} \downarrow$$

$$M_{HzB^+} = 6 \text{ kNm} (\curvearrowright)$$



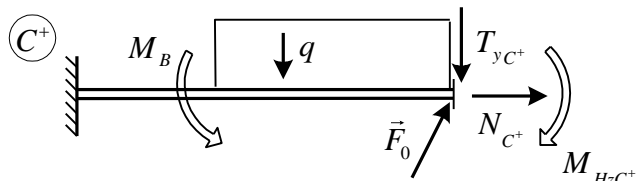
$$F_{exC^-} = N_{c^-} = F_{0x} = 5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$$

$$F_{eyC^-} = -\frac{F_q}{2} + F_{0y} = 4 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$

$$T_{yC^-} = -4 \text{ kN} \downarrow \rightarrow$$

$$M_{C^-} = -1,5 \cdot \frac{F_q}{2} = -9 \text{ kNm} \downarrow$$

$$M_{HzC^-} = 9 \text{ kNm} \left(\leftarrow \rightarrow \right)$$



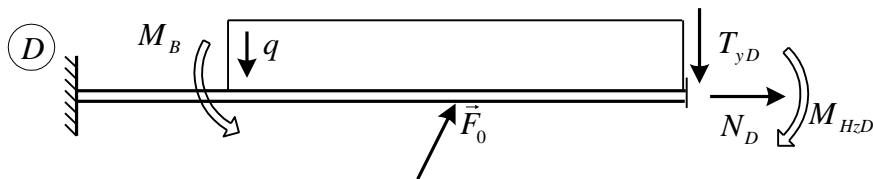
$$F_{exC^+} = N_{c^+} = 0 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{eyC^+} = -\frac{F_q}{2} = -6 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

$$T_{yC^+} = 6 \text{ kN} \uparrow \rightarrow$$

$$M_{C^+} = -1,5 \cdot \frac{F_q}{2} = -9 \text{ kNm} \downarrow$$

$$M_{HzC^+} = 9 \text{ kNm} \left(\leftarrow \rightarrow \right)$$



$$N_D = 0 \text{ kN}$$

$$T_D = 0 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{HzD} = 0 \text{ kNm}$$

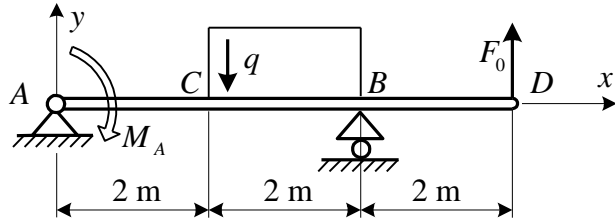
9.4. Példa

Adott:

$$q = 3 \text{ kN/m} \rightarrow F_q = 6 \text{ kN},$$

$$F_0 = 4 \text{ kN},$$

$$M_A = 5 \text{ kNm}.$$



Feladat:

- Határozza meg a támasztóerőket!
- feladat rész kiírása inkább: Számítsa ki az igénybevételeket az A, B, B⁺, C, és D⁻, D⁺ keresztmetszetekben!

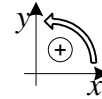
Megoldás:

- A támasztó erőrendszer kiszámítása:

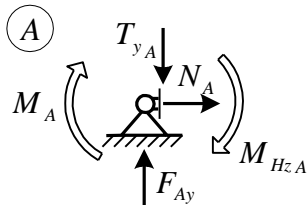
$$F_x = 0 = F_{Ax},$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - F_q + F_{By} + F_0 \Rightarrow F_{Ay} = \frac{9}{4} \text{ kN} (\uparrow),$$

$$M_a = 0 = -M_A - 3 \cdot F_q + 4 \cdot F_{By} + 6 \cdot F_0 \Rightarrow F_{By} = \frac{M_A + 3F_q - 6F_0}{4} = -\frac{1}{4} \text{ kN} (\downarrow).$$



- Most az igénybevételek számításakor a rúd meghagyott részének egyensúlyát vizsgáljuk.



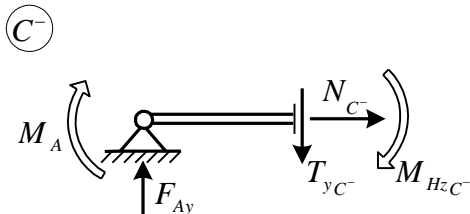
$$F_x = 0 = N_A \Rightarrow N_A = 0$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - T_A$$

$$\Rightarrow T_A = F_{Ay} = 2,25 \text{ kN} \downarrow \uparrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$$

$$M_a = 0 = -M_A - M_{HzA}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{HzA} = -M_A = -5 \text{ kN} \uparrow \curvearrowleft \left(\leftarrow \rightarrow \right)$$



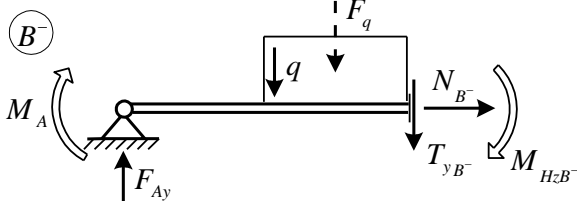
$$F_x = 0 = N_{C^-} \Rightarrow N_{C^-} = 0$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - T_{yC^-} \Rightarrow$$

$$T_{yC^-} = F_{Ay} = 2,25 \text{ kN} \downarrow \uparrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$$

$$M_{c^-} = 0 = -M_A - 2F_{Ay} - M_{HzC^-} \Rightarrow$$

$$M_{HzC^-} = -M_A - 2F_{Ay} = -9,5 \text{ kN} \uparrow \curvearrowleft \left(\leftarrow \rightarrow \right)$$



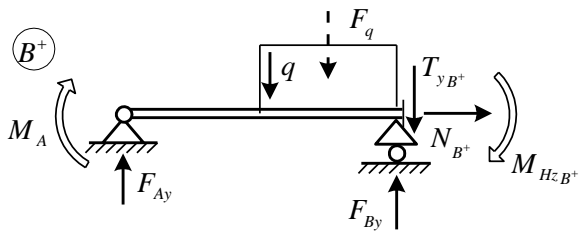
$$F_x = 0 = N_{B^-} \Rightarrow N_{B^-} = 0$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - F_q - T_{B^-} \Rightarrow$$

$$T_{B^-} = F_{Ay} - F_q = -3,75 \text{ kN} \uparrow \downarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$$

$$M_{b^-} = 0 = -M_A - 4 \cdot F_{Ay} + 1 \cdot F_q - M_{HzB^-} \Rightarrow$$

$$M_{HzB^-} = -M_A - 4F_{Ay} + F_q = -8 \text{ kN} \uparrow \curvearrowleft \left(\leftarrow \rightarrow \right)$$



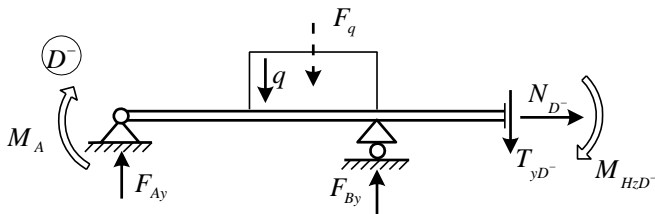
$$F_x = 0 = N_{B^+} \Rightarrow N_{B^+} = 0$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - F_q + F_{By} - T_{yB^+} \Rightarrow$$

$$T_{yB^+} = \frac{9}{4} - 6 + \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right) = -4 \text{ kN} \uparrow \downarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$$

$$M_{b^+} = 0 = -M_A - 4 \cdot F_{Ay} + 1 \cdot F_q - M_{HzB^+}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{HzB^+} = -8 \text{ kNm} \uparrow \downarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$$



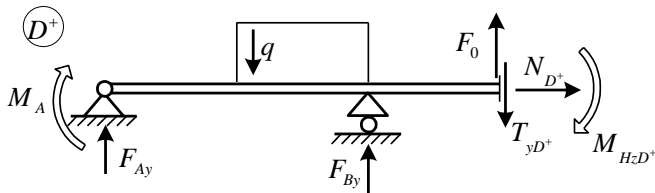
$$N_{D^-} = 0$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - F_q + F_{By} - T_{yD^-}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{yD^-} = -4 \text{ kN} \uparrow \downarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$$

$$M_{b^-} = 0 = -M_A - 6F_{Ay} + 3F_q + 2F_{By} - M_{HzD^-}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{HzD^-} = 0 \text{ kNm}$$



$$N_{D^+} = 0$$

$$F_y = 0 = F_{Ay} - F_q + F_{By} + F_0 - T_{yD^+}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{yD^+} = 0 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d^+} = 0 = -M_A - 6F_{Ay} + 3F_q + 2F_{By} - M_{HzD^+}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{HzD^+} = 0 \text{ kNm}$$